

SHRI SHIKSHAYATAN SCHOOL

MID TERM EXAMINATION,2017

CLASS XII

GEOGRAPHY (029)

TIME: 3 HOURS

FULL MARKS : 70

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- i. There are 22 questions in all
- ii. All questions are compulsory
- iii. Questions 1 to 7 are very short answer questions carrying 1 mark each . Answers to these questions should not exceed 40 words
- iv. Questions 8 to 13 are short answer type questions carrying 3 marks. Answers to these questions should not exceed 100 words
- v. Questions 14 to 20 are long answer questions of 5 marks. Answers to these questions should not exceed 150 words
- vi. Questions 21 and 22 are related to map work of the world and India. Each map carries 5 marks. The outline maps of the world and India provided should be attached with the answer script.

1. Why is the population doubling time of developing nations more than that of developed countries.[1]
 2. Enumerate two reasons for population explosion in India between 1951 and 1981.[1]
 3. State one reason for low HDI in Bihar.[1]
 4. According to Prof. Amartya Sen what is the concept of human development?[1]
 5. Mention any two features of foot loose industries. [1]
 6. Differentiate between dry land farming and wet land farming.[1]
 7. Who are 'gold collar' workers?[1]
 8. Explain the three schools of thought of Human Geography that emerged in the 1970s.[3]
 9. How has science and technology changed the trend of population growth of the world?[3]
 10. Why is human development in India 'a mixed bag of opportunities as well as neglect and deprivation'?[3]
 11. Why has truck farming developed around urban areas ?[3]
 12. What is outsourcing? State one advantage and one disadvantage of outsourcing. [3]
 13. Differentiate between protective and productive irrigation.[3]
 14. What is migration? Why is rural- urban migration a common phenomenon in India.[1+4]
 15. Explain the major pillars of human development.[5]
 16. Define the term 'nomadic herding'. Explain any four of its characteristics.[1+4]
 17. What is watershed management? How has watershed development brought about a change in Ralegan Siddhi village of Maharashtra.[2+3]
 18. Which steel plant was established in West Bengal in collaboration with United Kingdom? Mention the favourable locational factors that led to the growth of this steel plant. [1+4]
 19. Which are the major dimensions of the new Industrial Policy of 1991?How have they led to industrial development? [5]
 20. Explain the types of rural settlements on the basis of form and shapes of the settlements with suitable diagrams.[5]
 21. On the world map provided identify the following: [5]
 - A. The largest country of Europe.
 - B. The country having the highest density of population in South America.
 - C. The area of extensive commercial grain farming in North America.
 - D. The area of subsistence gathering.
 - E. The country with a low HDI.
 22. On the map of India locate and label the following: [5]
 - A. State with the lowest HDI.
 - B. The coal mine in Odisha.
 - C. The state with the highest literacy rate.
 - D. The software technology park in Gujarat.
 - E. A cotton textile centre in Karnataka.
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